

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012. Issue date: 4/6/2022 Revision date: 4/6/2022 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : B1 Trowel Grade Leveler THD

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Various

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer

Sakrete of North America 625 Griffith Rd., Ste 100 Charlotte, NC 28217 T 866-725-7383

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Carc. 1A

STOT SE 3

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye damage May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause cancer

May cause respiratory irritation

Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or

repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation

May cause cancer

Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If not in a well-ventilated area, wear a NIOSH-

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approved respirator or other dust mask when using the product to avoid or minimize exposure to dust

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Plaster of Paris	CAS-No.: 26499-65-0	30 – 60
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	10 – 30
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	10 – 30
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	CAS-No.: 1309-37-1	1 – 5
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	CAS-No.: 7778-18-9	1 – 5
Limestone	CAS-No.: 1317-65-3	1 – 5
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	1 – 5
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	1 – 5

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

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First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of Water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause

silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause burns ir

: Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause sensitisation by skin

contact.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and

tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. irritating vapors.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory

protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to

unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer

or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

> and understood. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid generating dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation of dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Formaldehyde is subject to the standard 29 CFR 1910.1048, which may contain specific requirements for handling including protective equipment, regulated areas, monitoring and medical surveillance. The employer should review the standard

and assure compliance with applicable requirements.

Hygiene measures

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, wellventilated place.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]

B1 Trowel Grade Leveler THD

No additional information available

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

Local name	Portland cement
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	

15 mg/m3 (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

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Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Iron oxide fume	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ (fume) 15 mg/m³ (total dust (Rouge) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Rouge)	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Calcium oxide	
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Calcium oxide	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
Plaster of Paris (26499-65-0)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	

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Quartz (14808-60-7)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)	
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)	
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and

safety showers. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable waterproof gloves

Eye protection:

Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Other information:

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid
Appearance : Powder.
Color : Gray

Odor : No data available
Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 12 – 13

Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

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· Not flammable Flammability (solid, gas) Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C No data available Relative density : No data available : No data available Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water · No data available No data available Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available : No data available **Explosion limits** Explosive properties : No data available : No data available Oxidizing properties

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 % Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 3000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 3.26 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LD50 oral rat > 10000 mg/kg	

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Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
LD50 oral rat	3870 mg/kg	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973.	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	pH: 12 – 13 Causes serious eye damage. pH: 12 – 13	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity : Carcinogenicity :	Not classified May cause cancer.	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	may cause cancer.	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)	256 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	284 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
,	Not classified	
	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.	

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Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	237 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	79 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.2102 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	≥ 0.03 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	300 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard :	Not classified	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.	
Chronic symptoms	May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Other information	Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2980 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	> 1970 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

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Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	100000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Danio rerio [static])	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species):	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

B1 Trowel Grade Leveler THD	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

B1 Trowel Grade Leveler THD	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, and Vinyl chloride, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

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 Other information
 : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.

www.Nexreg.com



Full text of H-phrases	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

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