

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012. Issue date: 3/18/2022 Revision date: 3/18/2022 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification			
1.1. Identification			
Product form Product name	: Mixture : Sakrete Self Leveling Underlayment		
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions	s on use		
Recommended use	: Various		
1.3. Supplier			
Manufacturer Sakrete of North America 625 Griffith Rd., Ste 100 Charlotte, NC 28217 T 866-725-7383			
1.4. Emergency telephone number			
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300		
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification			
2.1. Classification of the substance or n	nixture		
GHS US classification			
Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Carc. 1A STOT SE 3 STOT RE 1	Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye damage May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause cancer May cause respiratory irritation Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure		
2.2. GHS Label elements, including pred	cautionary statements		
GHS US labeling			
Hazard pictograms (GHS US)			
Signal word (GHS US) Hazard statements (GHS US)	<ul> <li>Danger</li> <li>Causes skin irritation</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation</li> <li>May cause cancer</li> <li>Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure</li> </ul>		
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	<ul> <li>Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.</li> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If not in a well-ventilated area, wear a NIOSH-</li> </ul>		

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

approved respirator or other dust mask when using the product to avoid or minimize exposure to dust.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	30 – 60
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	10 – 30
Plaster of Paris	CAS-No.: 26499-65-0	10 – 30
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	CAS-No.: 1309-37-1	1 – 5
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	CAS-No.: 7778-18-9	0.5 – 1.5
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No.: 13397-24-5	0.5 – 1.5
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	0.5 – 1.5
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	0.5 – 1.5
Limestone	CAS-No.: 1317-65-3	0.5 – 1.5
Vinyl acetate	CAS-No.: 108-05-4	0.1 – 1

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of Water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (a	cute and delayed)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic symptoms	May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures			
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing r	nedia		
6 6	Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Do not use water jet.		
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical			
Fire hazard :	Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. irritating vapors. Oxides of sulfur. Metal oxides.		
5.3. Special protective equipment and precau	utions for fire-fighters		
Protection during firefighting	Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
General measures	: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.	
0.4.4. E		

### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

6.1.2. For emergency responders No additional information available	
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment	and cleaning up
For containment	: Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).
Methods for cleaning up	: Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.
6.4. Reference to other sections	

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid generating dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation of dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including a	ny incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Sakrete Self Leveling Underlayment		
No additional information available		
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Portland cement	
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020	

# Safety Data Sheet

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)			
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
GIH OEL TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)			
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)		
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Iron oxide fume		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ (fume) 15 mg/m³ (total dust (Rouge) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Rouge)		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1		
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)		
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)		
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Calcium oxide		
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Calcium oxide		

# Safety Data Sheet

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1		
Plaster of Paris (26499-65-0)			
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm		
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	15 ppm		
ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans		
Quartz (14808-60-7)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)		
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)		
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No source: eCFR Table Z-1.		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts		
Limestone (1317-65-3)			
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.		
8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment			
Hand protection:			
Wear suitable waterproof gloves			
Eye protection:			
Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).			
Skin and body protection:			
Wear suitable protective clothing			

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

#### **Respiratory protection:**

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

#### Other information:

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

9.1. Information on basic physical and o	hemical properties	
Physical state	: Solid	
Appearance	: Powder.	
Color	: Gray	
Odor	: No data available	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
рН	: 12 – 13	
Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable	
Vapor pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative density	: No data available	
Solubility	: No data available	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available	
Explosion limits	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidizing properties	: No data available	

VOC content

: 0 % Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

**10.2. Chemical stability** 

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

#### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Heat. Incompatible materials.

**10.5. Incompatible materials** 

Moisture. Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Oxidizing agents.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** 

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur. Metal oxides.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) Not classified · Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9) LD50 oral rat > 3000 mg/kg LC50 inhalation rat > 3.26 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1) LD50 oral rat > 10000 mg/kg Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4) LD50 oral rat 3870 mg/kg Calcium oxide (1305-78-8) I D50 oral rat > 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure) LD50 dermal rat > 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal)) LD50 dermal rabbit > 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973. LC50 inhalation rat > 6.04 mg/l/4h Vinyl acetate (108-05-4) LD50 oral rat 2900 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 2335 mg/kg 3680 ppm/4h LC50 inhalation rat Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation. pH: 12 – 13 Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage. pH: 12 – 13 Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified : Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. : Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9) NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years) 256 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)

# Safety Data Sheet

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	284 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes
1 3	Not classified
	May cause respiratory irritation.
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1) STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	237 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	79 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.2102 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	≥ 0.03 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	300 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

## Safety Data Sheet

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)	
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/male,90 days)	285 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/female,90 days)	281 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Limestone (1317-65-3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	<ul> <li>Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.</li> </ul>
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Other information	: Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general :	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2980 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	> 1970 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	100000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Danio rerio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species):
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	12.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
LC50 - Fish [2]	15.04 – 21.54 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
NOEC chronic fish	0.551 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas Duration: '34 d'
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Sakrete Self Leveling Underlayment	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Sakrete Self Leveling Underlayment	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)
Vinyl acetate (108-05-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.73
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Other information	: No other effects known.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Disposal methods	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

	TION 14: Transport information
In accordance with DOT	ordance with DOT

### 14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
<b>DOT</b> Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: Not applicable
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (DOT)	: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special transport precautions	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex I	I of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:	
Plaster of Paris	CAS-No. 26499-65-0

Plaster of Paris

## 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulat	ions
A WARNING:	This product can expose you to crystalline silica, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to the Hazard Communication	Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.
Issue date	: 03/18/2022
Revision date	: 03/18/2022
Other information	: None.
Prepared by	: Nexreg Compliance Inc.
	www.Nexreg.com

Full text of H-phrases Carc. 1A Carcinogenicity Category 1A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Eye Dam. 1

## Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Full text of H-phrases	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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