Stucco Finish Coat (Gray)

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.
Issue date: 5/2/2017 Revision date: 1/14/2022 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Stucco Finish Coat (Gray)

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Various

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer
Sakrete of North America
625 Griffith Rd., Ste 100
Charlotte, NC 28217
T 866-725-7383

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carc. 1A	May cause cancer
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation
STOT RE 1	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US) : Causes skin irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye damage
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause cancer
Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe dust.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If not in a well-ventilated area, wear a NIOSH-

approved respirator or other dust mask when using the product to avoid or minimize exposure to dust.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	15 – 25
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	15 – 25
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No.: 13397-24-5	15 – 25
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	15 – 25
Limestone	CAS-No.: 1317-65-3	15 – 25
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4)	CAS-No.: 39445-23-3	1 – 5
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O)	CAS-No.: 58398-71-3	1 – 5
Calcium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1305-62-0	0.5 – 2
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	0.5 – 1.5
Chromium, ion (Cr 6+)*	CAS-No.: 18540-29-9	< 0.1

Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret
*Hexavalent chromium is included due to dermal sensitivity associated with the component.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Handle and open container with care. Avoid generating dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation of dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Stucco Finish Coat (Gray)
No additional information available

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Portland cement
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium oxide
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium oxide
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Limestone (1317-65-3)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)

Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4) (39445-23-3)
No additional information available

Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)
No additional information available

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 µg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

Chromium, ion (Cr 6+) (18540-29-9)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 µg/m³

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable waterproof gloves

Eye protection:

Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable waterproof protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Other information:

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance	:	Powder.
Color	:	No data available
Odor	:	No data available
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
pH solution	:	12 – 13
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not flammable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 % Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973.
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3870 mg/kg

Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
LD50 oral rat	7340 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Chromium, ion (Cr 6+) (18540-29-9)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes
In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list	Yes

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4) (39445-23-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	300 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'

Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	50.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'

Chromium, ion (Cr 6+) (18540-29-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	36.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
LC50 - Fish [2]	7.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Stucco Finish Coat (Gray)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Stucco Finish Coat (Gray)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:	
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No. 13397-24-5

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

⚠ **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz and Chromium, ion (Cr 6+), which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Chromium, ion (Cr 6+), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Issue date : 05/02/2017

Revision date : 01/14/2022

Other information : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.
www.Nexreg.com

Full text of H-phrases	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B

Full text of H-phrases	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Indication of changes:
SDS update . GHS classification.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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