Sakrete Fast Traffic Concrete

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.
Issue date: 12/06/2021 Revision date: 7/27/2022 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Sakrete Fast Traffic Concrete

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Mortar mixes for construction use.

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer
Oldcastle Architectural Inc.
900 Ashwood Parkway Suite 600
Atlanta, GA 30338 - USA
T 866-725-7383 Tech Service: Monday - Friday; 8:00am - 5:00pm EST

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300
CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 24 hr

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage
Skin Sens. 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carc. 1A	May cause cancer
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation
STOT RE 1	Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US) : Causes skin irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye damage
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause cancer
Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Limestone	CAS-No.: 1317-65-3	>60
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	>25
Calcium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1305-62-0	30 – 60
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	Trade Secret
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No.: 13397-24-5	10 – 30
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	Trade Secret
Hexavalent chromium*	CAS-No.: 18540-29-9	10 – 30
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	10 - 30
Calcium formate	CAS-No.: 544-17-2	0.1 – 1

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret
*Hexavalent chromium is included due to dermal sensitivity associated with the component.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of Water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Product does not burn; however its packaging may. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Avoid dust formation. Do not swallow. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures : Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Sakrete Fast Traffic Concrete	
No additional information available	

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Portland cement
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium oxide
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Calcium oxide
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)

Hexavalent chromium (18540-29-9)
No additional information available

Calcium formate (544-17-2)
No additional information available

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 µg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

Limestone (1317-65-3)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable waterproof gloves

Eye protection:

Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable waterproof protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Appearance	:	Powder.
Color	:	No data available
Odor	:	No data available
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	12 – 13
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available

Explosion limits : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content, wt. %: 0%, Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Keep dry in storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Moisture – product must be kept dry until ready to use. Heat. Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973.
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
LD50 oral rat	7340 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3870 mg/kg

Calcium formate (544-17-2)	
LD50 oral rat	2650 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 0.67 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1150 (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: 12 – 13

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: 12 – 13

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	300 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Limestone (1317-65-3)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological consideration when used according to directions.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'

Calcium formate (544-17-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	≥ 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
LOEC (chronic)	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sakrete Fast Traffic Concrete	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sakrete Fast Traffic Concrete	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:	
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No. 13397-24-5
Hexavalent chromium	CAS-No. 18540-29-9

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of respirable size) which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and Chromium (hexavalent compounds), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

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Revision date : 7/27/2022

Other information : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.
www.Nexreg.com

Full text of H-phrases	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Indication of changes:
Product name. California Proposition 65.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA